# Application description



Item number	Product code
0108006.xxx	MCU-04X AC
0108007.xxx	MCU-04E AC

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## 1 Introduction

#### 1.1 About this document

This document explains the significance and setup of the individual communication objects and parameters of the device with the software ETS5™. The reader is provided with accompanying product data and basic knowledge to set up the device. This information is targeted towards electricians and specialist partners.



On the basis of his/her professional training, knowledge and experience as well as knowledge of the relevant standards and regulations, an electrician is able to perform work on electrical systems and to identify and avoid potential hazards independently.



The electrician is trained for the specific employment location at which he/she is working and familiar with the relevant standards and regulations associated with this product.

Validities and other applicable documents can be found in the annex.

In addition to this document, at least one basic product training is recommended.

### 1.2 Purpose of the application and access levels

The parameters for the device can be introduced in two different ways.

To adjust the basic parameters, the parameters are configured by means of the ETS software from version 5.

The enhanced settings can be made by means of the service tool from version 1.x. The service tool is available only from a specialist partnership.

Which enhanced settings can be made is part of the service tool documentation.

#### 1.3 Terms / abbreviations within this document

CO Communication object SCO SunControlObject

Central command Commands sent from a switchboard.

e.g. the SunControlServer

Local command Switch connected directly or via KNX

Feedback Information that is sent from the actuator to the bus

BCSS object Building control system object



#### Caution: Material damage!

Incorrect or faulty wiring and configuration of the device can result in damage culminating in total failure.

- Ensure that the supply voltage corresponds to the requirements from the technical specifications for the device.
- ► Ensure that all external components, e.g. such as switches and motors, are connected in accordance with the circuit diagrams.
- For information about required settings, e.g. such as relay switching times, refer to the technical documentation from the motor manufacturer.



#### Caution: Danger to life!

There is a danger to life in case of contact with live parts.

- Have all activities performed only by personnel qualified to do so.
- Before starting work, switch off and shut down all power supplies.

## 2 Specific properties of the device

#### 2.1 Hardware properties

- 4 motor outputs of 230 V AC per module
- 8 binary inputs for potential-free contacts
- Status display for each motor output
- LED display for activation of the binary inputs
- Manual test switch per motor output
- Automatic runtime measuring / positioning even for motors with electronic end switches
- Size 4 TE 72 x 90.5 x 62 mm

### 2.2 Software properties

- SunControlObject one group address for all communication
- Position feedback (height and angle)
- Motor status feedback
- Detailed diagnosis and troubleshooting via separate service tool
- iPhone app connection for manual operation
- 3 security objects per channel
- Priorities management
- Automatic lock per channel
- Limited operation

## Structure of the application in ETS 5

After starting, the application is presented as follows:

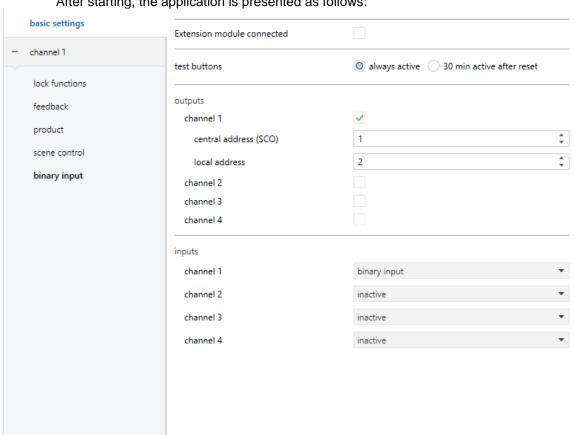


Fig. 1 View of basic parameter settings in ETS5

Basic settings - Channel-independent parameters and functions Channel x – Channel-related settings.

Each channel can be parameterized individually.

## 4 Parameters

The following pages describe the adjustable parameters for the actuator. The arrangement here is orientated to the order in ETS5. The parameters are grouped according to their tabs. All channels have the same parameters, which is why no individual listing of the 8 channels has been undertaken.

An option **in bold** here corresponds to the standard setting of a parameter unless otherwise indicated.

A term shown in blue is the name of the respective parameter.

A term shown in orange is the name of a communication object.

#### 4.1 Basic settings

#### Extension module connected

Active / inactive

The extension module can be parameterized by activating the parameter.

This increases the number of channels from 4 to 8.

#### Test switch

Always active / active 30min after reset

This parameter specifies how long after a restart the test switches on the front of the device react to inputs by the operator.

#### Outputs ->

Active / inactive

Channel (x)

The available channels for the outputs can be activated or deactivated by the parameters. A change shows or hides the corresponding parameter tab and associated communication objects.

Outputs ->

**0** = Off

Channel (x)

Central address

1... 256 = Sector address

Sector address of a switchboard. Through the SCO, all commands are therefore sent to the actuator via a group address. See also SCO.

Outputs ->

0 = Off

Channel (x)

Local address

1... 256 = Sector address

Link between motor channel and blind switch.

#### Inputs ->

Inactive / blind switch / binary input

Channel (x)

#### Selection blind switch

Using the parameters, the available channels can be configured for the inputs or even deactivated according to their use. If the blind switch is used, the motor output can be controlled by means of a conventional switch directly on the channel or by local address.

Example:

Channel 1 output Local address 1
Channel 2 output Local address 1
Channel 1 input Local address 1

The switch on input 1 controls the motors on channel 1 and channel 2

#### Selection binary input

A further "binary input" parameter set is shown under the respective channel

### 4.2 Channel (x)

#### 4.2.1 Lock functions

SCO failure / bus voltage No function

Up / down / height / angle / height + angle / stop

The action performed if the bus voltage fails or no further SunControlObject is received.

Security object (x) Active / inactive

If this parameter is activated, the parameters associated with the security object and the communication objects are shown. A security object allows definition of a security status, which can be triggered manually or by failure monitoring. There are three security objects, 1-3, with decreasing priority; security object 1 has the highest priority. The secure status of the highest active priority is always adopted. If the channel is in security status, no further central commands are executed and local commands are executed in accordance with the local command parameter.

Security object (x)-> **Up** / down / height / angle / height + angle / stop Movement command

.....

Local command -> limit

Security object (x)->

Command executed if the security object is triggered.

Security object (x)-> None / 10s / 30s / 1min / 2min / 5min / 10min / 30min Cyclic monitoring 1h / 2h / 5h / 12h / 24h

Cyclic monitoring detects a communication fault between actuator and switchboard. If the security object receives no telegram in the set period, it assumes a fault and triggers the security status of the security object (see movement command). The "channel (x), central command, security (x)" communication object must receive a valid telegram at least once within the set period.

Locked / limited / released

Local command

Specifies how the actuator evaluates local commands whilst the security object is active: Locked Local commands are not executed.

Limited Local commands are executed only if they are located within the

specified limits.

Released Local commands are executed.

Security object (x)-> Angle from bottom to limit

Local command -> operating area

Angle from top to limit
Height from bottom to limit
Height from top to limit

Defines the possible movement range of the local commands. In the case of an option that limits the angle, the height can no longer be changed. An option that limits the height continues to allow the angle to be changed.

Security object (x)-> 0 – 100%

The parameter specifies the adjustable limit value for the operating area.

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Reset function

Move back to position after lock

No movement command

Up / down / height / angle / height + angle / last central command / last local command last central command or local command

The command that is executed if security status is ended. The last local command makes the motor move to the last local command received, whereas the last central command executes the last central command received. The option of the last local or central command starts the last command received, regardless of origin.

#### **Automatic lock**

#### Active / inactive

Activates use of the automatic lock. Sending of a local command or manual setting of the communication object switches on the automatic lock. A switched on automatic lock means that only local and security commands are executed for the channel.

Automatic lock

No movement command

Move back to position after lock

Up / down / height / angle / height + angle / last central command

The command that is executed if the automatic lock is switched on. The last central command

Automatic lock

Active / inactive

Reset after security

If security status is ended, the automatic lock is likewise switched off.

makes the motor move to the last central command received.

**Automatic lock** 

Active / inactive

Reset after time

The automatic lock is switched off after the parameterized time. The time is restarted after every further local command.

#### 4.2.2 Feedback

Position	No feedback
	Position reached
	Position reached and KNX object switched on
	Position change and KNX object switched on

This parameter describes the behaviour for feedbacks with respect to position changes. If an option other than "no feedback" is active, the feedback communication objects are shown for height and angle.

"Position reached" – If this parameter is selected, the current height and angle of the motor are sent when the position is reached.

"Position reached and KNX object switched on" – If this parameter is selected, the current height and angle of the motor are sent when the position is reached only if the object channel (x), activate feedback has been switched on via KNX (1).

"Position change and KNX object switched on" – If this parameter is selected, only the current height and angle of the motor are sent only if the object channel (x), activate feedback has been switched on via KNX (1) and the position change has been altered by the parameterized percentage value at the last feedback.

Feedback 1 – 3	No feedback Upper end position / lower end position / Unknown position / Security lock active / automatic lock active / Operating lock active / limited operation active / Check motor or motor supply / Motorcycles / motor current / overcurrent
With these parameters, it can be determined to 3 feedbacks can be defined per channel.	ned which type of feedback the actuator should send. Up
For each option selected, the correspondi	
"Upper end position"	The motor is in the upper end position
"Lower end position"	The motor is in the lower end position
"Unknown position"	Motor position not known (e.g. if no reference run has yet been executed)
"Security lock active"	At least one security lock is active
"Automatic lock active"	The automatic lock is switched on
"Operating lock active"	Local operation is locked
"Limited operation active"	The motor can be operated only to a limited extent
"Check motor or motor supply"	This fault can occur due to a power interruption.
	Possible causes could be:
	<ul> <li>Motor not connected or motor defective</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Motor supply line defective</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Thermal protection triggered in the motor</li> </ul>
"Motor cycles"	Number of movements executed
"Motor current"	The present current of the motor
"Overcurrent"	How often has the current sensor detected overcurrent

Send BCSS object	Off
	Readout only / send on change /
	send on change of error bits
With this parameter, the BCSS object object can be found in the annex.	t can be switched on and off. The precise structure of the
"Readout only"	The object can be read only
"Send on change"	Every change to the object is sent
"Send on change of error bits"	Is sent in case of changes to the error bits

#### 4.2.3 Product

Carrier product
Product type
Blind moving down closed
Blind moving down open
Roller shutter
Awning

The type of carrier product connected to this channel is defined by this parameter. Based on the product type, movement strategies for optimal positioning and standard values for subsequent parameters are defined. If applicable, parameters are shown specifically for the product type. Further information can be found in the annex and in the data sheets for the carrier products.

Carrier product
Product type
Blind moving down closed
Blind moving down open
Roller shutter
Awning

On the relevant channel, there is a shutter / Venetian blind, which starts with closed slats. The following parameters must then be set in addition.

The order of the movements is determined under the movement strategy parameter, to ensure that the carrier product stands correctly and reproducibly in the desired target position. Possible parameters:

- -Move towards position from bottom
- -Move towards position from top
- -Move towards position from both sides

With the additional parameter slat turning time (bottom), the measured time between bottom end position (slats closed) and see-through position (slats horizontal) are parameterized. Adjustment range of  $0-5000~\rm ms$ .

Carrier product
Product type
Blind moving down closed
Blind moving down open
Roller shutter
Awning

On the relevant channel, there is a shutter / Venetian blind, which starts with open slats (operating position 38°). The following parameters must then be set in addition.

The order of the movements is determined under the movement strategy parameter, to ensure that the carrier product stands correctly and reproducibly in the desired target position. Possible parameters:

- -Move towards position from bottom
- -Move towards position from top
- -Move towards position from both sides

With the additional parameter slat turning time (lifted), the measured time between operating position (slat angle moving down) and see-through position (slats horizontal) are parameterized. Adjustment range of 0-5000 ms.

With the additional parameter slat turning time (bottom), the measured time between lower end position (slats closed) and see-through position (slats horizontal) are parameterized. Adjustment range of 0-5000 ms.

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Carrier product

Product type

General

Blind moving down closed Blind moving down open

Roller shutter Awning

On the relevant channel, there is a vertical awning / seating position awning. With the tighten textile parameter, it is possible to adjust whether the cloth should be tensioned after the cloth end position is reached.

**Positioning** 

0 - 5000 ms

**Duration of turning slats** 

The parameter determines how long one step takes in the case of local and central commands as well as brief pressing of the test switch. A time of 0ms deactivates the function.

Positioning

0 – 100%

Shading position angle

The set position is approached via object up / shading.

Motor

Off

Permanently on

Automatic end position detection

Once after programming application
Once after reset or voltage recovery

Off

With automatic end position detection activated, start and stop are detected automatically for every motor movement. In addition to detecting motor faults, the runtimes between top and bottom end position are learnt through this.

#### Permanently on

The runtime is constantly learnt from every continuous movement from end position to end position. If no runtime has been learnt yet in the case of a height command between 1 and 99%, a learn run is automatically performed. The runtime is deleted after every reset.

#### Once after programming application

The runtime is learnt once on the first continuous movement from end position to end position. If no runtime has been learnt yet in the case of a height command, a learn run is automatically performed. The runtime remains stored even after a reset and is deleted only after programming of the application.

#### Once after reset or bus voltage recovery

Change direction of rotation

The runtime is learnt once on the first continuous movement from end position to end position. If no runtime has been learnt yet in the case of a height command, a learn run is automatically performed. The runtime is deleted after every reset.

If automatic end position detection is deactivated, the parameters to determine the runtimes

manually are shown. Adjustment range of 0 – 600 s

Motor Active / inactive

On activation, the rotation direction is changed at the actuator output.

#### 4.2.4 Scene control

By activation, the learned values of the customer are overwritten when the application is loaded.

Use scene assignment 1 .. 8 Active / inactive

With this parameter, up to 8 scenes can be allocated to the channel. The actual allocation to the scene is done through the parameters, which are shown on activation.

Scene 1... 64

This parameter determines with which scene communicated via bus the channel is linked.

Movement command No movement command

Up / down / height / angle / height + angle

This parameter specifies which command is executed. Up, down, height, angle, height + angle move the motor to the corresponding position.

Lock function None / automatic lock

This parameter defines whether the automatic lock should also be set when the scene is executed.

#### 4.2.5 Blind switch

Not visible when, under basic settings, inputs, channel (x), blind switch has been selected.

Show KNX objects Active / inactive

If this parameter is activated, the KNX communication objects are shown for blind switches.

Shading position (long + short) Active / inactive

In the case of a long press (down) of the blind switch followed by a short press of the switch, the shading position is approached and not the bottom end position.

Long keystroke after 0... 3000 ms

This parameter sets the press duration from which operation of the blind switch is recognised as a long switch press.

#### 4.2.6 Binary input

Visible only if, under basic settings, inputs, channel (x), binary input has been selected.

Order of binary inputs from left:

Channel 1 binary input 1

Channel 1 binary input 2

Channel 2 binary input 1

Channel 7 binary input 2

Channel 8 binary input 1

Channel 8 binary input 2

Channel (x), binary input (x) – Function

1-bit switching

Move to position

Scene

Defines the general function for the input.

**Function of 1-bit switching** 

Channel (x), binary input (x) – Function

Rising edge

No function

Toggle

On Off

The parameter determines the behaviour that is sent to the KNX object in the case of a rising edge.

Toggle -> Sends 1 - 0 - 1 alternately to the object for every rising edge

On – Sends a 1 to the object

Off - Sends a 0 to the object

Channel (x), binary input (x) – Function

Falling edge

No function

Toggle

On

Off

The parameter determines the behaviour that is sent to the KNX object in the case of a rising edge.

Toggle -> Sends 1 - 0 - 1 alternately to the object for every rising edge

On – Sends a 1 to the object

Off – Sends a 0 to the object

Channel (x), binary input (x) – Function

Active / inactive

Cyclic sending

On activation of the parameter, the interval is set, at which the status of the binary input is sent cyclically to the corresponding object.

Function move to position				
Channel (x), binary input (x) – Function React to  Rising edge Falling edge				
With this parameter it is determined wheth on the rising or falling edge.	ner the approach position function should be executed			

Function scene				
Channel (x), binary input (x) – Function React to  Rising edge Falling edge				
With this parameter it is determined wheth or falling edge.	ner the scene function should be executed on the rising			

## 5 Communication objects

The following image shows all communication objects for one channel with no connected binary input or local operation. In the ETS application, only communication objects are shown, which are required according to the parameter settings.

	,		3-:							
Numbe	r Name	Object Function	Length	(	C   F	2	W T	U	Data Type	Priority
<b>⊫</b> ‡ 1	SunControlObject	all functions	6 bytes	C	-	٧	٧ -	-		High
<b> </b> 2	scene	scene object	1 byte	C	-	٧	٧ -	-	scene control	Low
<b> </b> ₹ 10	channel 1, local command, end position	up / down	1 bit	C	-	٧	٧ -	-	up/down	Low
I <b>⊉</b>  11	channel 1, local command, shading	up / shading	1 bit	C	-	٧	٧ -	-	up/down	Low
I <b>≵</b> 12	channel 1, local command, turn slats	step / stop	1 bit	C	-	٧	٧ -	-	step	Low
<b>≵</b>  13	channel 1, local command, automatic lock	automatic lock	1 bit	C	-	٧	٧ -	-	boolean	Low
<b>≵</b> 14	channel 1, local command, height	height	1 byte	C	-	٧	٧ -	-	percentage (0100%)	Low
<b>⊉</b> 15	channel 1, local command, angle	angle	1 byte	C	-	٧	٧ -	-	percentage (0100%)	Low
<b>≵</b>  16	channel 1, central command, end position	up / down	1 bit	C	-	٧	٧ -	-	up/down	Low
<b>∤</b> 17	channel 1, central command, shading	up / shading	1 bit	C	-	٧	٧ -	-	up/down	Low
<b>∤</b> 18	channel 1, central command, turn slats	step / stop	1 bit	C	-	٧	٧ -	-	step	Low
<b>∤</b> 19	channel 1, central command, height	height	1 byte	C	-	٧	٧ -	-	percentage (0100%)	Low
<b>2</b> 0	channel 1, central command, angle	angle	1 byte	C	-	٧	٧ -	-	percentage (0100%)	Low
<b>2</b> 1	channel 1, central command, security 1	security 1	1 bit	C	-	٧	٧ -	-	switch	Low
<b>2</b> 2	channel 1, central command, security 2	security 2	1 bit	C	-	٧	٧ -	-	switch	Low
<b>2</b> 3	channel 1, central command, security 3	security 3	1 bit	C	-	٧	٧ -	-	switch	Low
<b>2</b> 5	channel 1, feedback, height	height	1 byte	C	R	-	Т	-	percentage (0100%)	Low
<b>2</b> 6	channel 1, feedback, angle	angle	1 byte	C	R	-	Т	-	percentage (0100%)	Low
<b>2</b> 7	channel 1, feedback 1	motor current	2 bytes	C	R	-	Т	-	current (mA)	Low
28	channel 1, feedback 2	overcurrent	4 bytes	C	R	-	Т	-	counter pulses (unsigned)	Low
29	channel 1, feedback 3	motor cycles	4 bytes	C	R	-	Т	-	counter pulses (unsigned)	Low
<b>2</b>  30	channel 1, feedback BCSS	BCSS object	4 bytes	C	R	-	Т	-	status sunblind & shutter actuator	Low

Example communication objects for one channel

## 5.1 Basic objects

J. I	Dasic objects	
1		
SCO	SunControlObject	6 byte
⊠ K □ L ⊠ S □ Ü □ A	6-byte KNX communication object for connection commands from the control (such as shading, tim controls via the same group address for up to 256 sector is set in the motor control for each channel	e and security commands) are sent to the motor sectors (façade sections). The allocation to the
2		18.001 Scene control
Scene	e object	1 byte
⊠ K □ L ⊠ S □ Ü □ A	With this object a set scene can be retrieved or programs. Here:  Value 0 – 63 retrieves corresponding scene 1 – 6  Value 128 – 191 programmes the current position	4

## 5.2 Local commands

10, 35, 60,	85, 110, 135, 160, 185	1.008	Up/down		
Channel (	(x), local command, end position	1 bit			
⊠ K □ L ⊠ S □ Ü □ A	With this object, the motor is moved into the respective end position. It triggered until a stop command is received, the parameterized movem motor end position switch is triggered. $0 - Up$ $1 - Down$				
11, 36, 61,	86, 111, 136, 161, 186	1.008	Up/down		
Channel (	x), local command, shading	1 bit			
⊠ K □ L ⊠ S □ Ü □ A	The object serves to approach the operating position of the carrier proof The respective output is triggered until a stop command is received, the movement time has passed or the motor end position switch is trigger 0 – Up 1 – Down / operating position	ne paran			
12, 37, 62,	87, 112, 137, 162, 187	1.007	Step		
Channel (	x), local command, turn slats	1 bit			
⊠ K □ L ⊠ S □ Ü □ A	With the object, the motor can be controlled incrementally up or down increment is dependent upon the parameter set.  0 – Step up  1 – Step down	. The du	ration of the		
13, 38, 63,	88, 113, 138, 163, 188	1.007	Boolean		
Channel (	x), local command, automatic lock	1 bit			
⊠ K □ L ⊠ S □ Ü □ A	□ L automatic lock activated, the central commands (end position, shading, height, angle) are no longer executed. Local commands and security objects continue to be executed. □ Ü				
14, 39, 64,	89, 114, 139, 164, 189	5.001	0 – 100 percent		
Channel (	x), local command, height	1 byte			
⊠ K □ L ⊠ S □ Ü □ A	With the object, the motor can be positioned at $0-100\%$ . Here, 0 or 0% corresponds to the top motor end position and 255 or 1 end position.	00% to	the bottom motor		
15, 40, 65,	90, 115, 140, 165, 190	5.001	0 - 100 percent		
Channel (	x), local command, angle	1 byte			
<ul> <li>☑ K</li> <li>☐ L</li> <li>☐ D</li> <li>☐ D</li></ul>					

## 5.3 Central commands

16, 41, 66	91, 116, 141, 166, 191	1.008	Up/down			
Channel	(x), central command, end position	1 bit				
⊠ K □ L ⊠ S □ Ü □ A	With this object, the motor is moved into the respective end position. It triggered until a stop command is received, the parameterized movem motor end position switch is triggered.  The requirement is that the automatic lock is not set.  0 – Up  1 – Down					
17, 42, 67	92, 117, 142, 167, 192	1.008	Up/down			
Channel	(x), central command, shading	1 bit				
⊠ K □ L ⊠ S □ Ü □ A	The object serves to approach the operating position of the carrier proof the respective output is triggered until a stop command is received, the movement time has passed or the motor end position switch is triggered the automatic lock is not set.  0 – Up  1 – Down / operating position	ne parar	neterized			
18, 43, 68	93, 118, 143, 168, 193	1.007	Step			
Channel	(x), central command, turn slats	1 bit				
⊠ K □ L ⊠ S □ Ü □ A	With the object, the motor can be controlled incrementally up or down increment is dependent upon the parameter set. The requirement is the set. $0-Step\ up$ $1-Step\ down$					
19, 44, 69	94, 119, 144, 169, 194	5.001	0 – 100 percent			
Channel	(x), central command, height	1 byte				
⊠ K □ L ⊠ S □ Ü □ A	<ul> <li>□ L</li> <li>□ S</li> <li>□ U</li> <li>Here, 0 or 0% corresponds to the top motor end position and 255 or 100% to the bottom motor end position.</li> <li>□ U</li> <li>The requirement is that the automatic lock is not set.</li> </ul>					
20, 45, 70	95, 120, 145, 170, 195	5.001	0 – 100 percent			
Channel	(x), central command, angle	1 byte				
⊠ K □ L ⊠ S □ Ü □ A	This object is shown only if a corresponding product type (shutter) has perform an angle function. The value of this object determines the ang percentage, depending on the slat turning time set. Here, the value 0 or 0% corresponds to a max. open slat and 255 or 1	gle of the	e shutter as a			
21-23, 46-	48, 71-73, 96-98, 121-123, 146-148, 171-173, 196-198	1.001	Switch			
Channel	(x), central command, security 1 3	1 bit				
<ul> <li>☑ K</li> <li>☐ L</li> <li>☐ L</li> <li>☐ S</li> <li>☐ U</li> <li>☐ A</li> <li>☐ A</li> <li>If this object is described with a 1, the parameterized security status of the respective security object is assumed. At the start of security status, the parameterized movement command is executed. Whilst security status is active, no further commands are executed other than if they reset a security object. Resetting is performed by describing the security object with 0. The priority of the individual security objects is defined, where 1 triggers the highest and 3 the lowest priority.</li> </ul>						

5.4 F	eedbacks		
24, 49,	74, 99, 124, 149, 174, 199	1.001	Switch
Channe	el (x), activate feedback	1 bit	
⊠ K □ L ⊠ S □ Ü □ A	This object switches the position feedback on or off position parameter is set to no feedback or position 0 – Off 1 – On		nnel (x), feedbacks,
25, 50, 7	75, 100, 125, 150, 175, 200	5.001	0 – 100 percent
Channe	el (x), feedback, height	1 byte	
⊠ K ⊠ L □ S ⊠ Ü □ A	The value of this object feeds back the current positive. Here, 0 or 0% corresponds to the top motor end position.		
26, 51, 7	76, 101, 126, 151, 176, 201	5.001	0 - 100 percent
Channe	el (x), feedback, angle	1 byte	
	This object is shown only if a parameter has been sperform an angle function. The value of this object opercentage, depending on the slat turning time set. Here, the value 0 or 0% corresponds to a max. ope	determines the angle of the	e shutter as a
	el (x), feedback 1 3	and the state of t	
⊠ K ⊠ L □ S ⊠ Ü □ A	Feeds back to the bus the status that has been para. The following 1.002 Boolean 1 bit feedbacks can be upper end position / lower end position / position unactive / operating lock active / limited operation acti. The motor cycles and overcurrent feedback are couldere, the movement cycles of the drive are counted integrated sensor.  With the 7.012 current mA 2 byte motor current feedback.	e selected: hknown / security lock active ve / check motor or motor unting pulses, 12.001 coun d or how often overcurrent	supply ting pulse, 4 byte. is detected by
27-29, 5	52-54, 77-79, 102-104, 127-129, 152-154, 177-179, 202-204	241.800	) Status shading
Channe	el (x), feedback BCSS	4 byte	
⊠ K ⊠ L □ S ⊠ Ü □ A	Using the BCSS object, several feedbacks can be r The specific explanation of the object can be found		I within one object.

# 5.5 Inputs switch 31, 56, 81, 106, 131, 156, 181, 20

31, 56, 8	1, 106, 131, 156, 181, 206	1.008 Up/down					
Channe	(x), blind switch, control end position	1 bit					
⊠ K □ L □ S ⊠ Ü □ A	□ L The closed switch sends the long switch press to the object. Here: □ S Up switch – Value 0 □ Down switch – Value 1						
32, 57, 8	2, 107, 132, 157, 182, 207	1.008 Up/down					
Channe	(x), blind switch, control long + short	1 bit					
⊠ K □ L □ S ⊠ Ü □ A	The objects are visible only if the show KNX objects parameter has been activated. The connected switch sends a 1 to the object if a long switch press is executed followed by a short switch press using the down switch blind switch. With the up switch, a 0 is always sent to the object.						
33, 58, 8	3, 108, 133, 158, 183, 208	1.007 Step					
Channe	(x), blind switch, control turn slats	1 bit					
⊠ K □ L □ S ⊠ Ü □ A	The connected switch sends the short switch press to the object. Here: Up switch – Value 0 Down switch – Value 1						
34, 59, 8	4, 109, 134, 159, 184, 209	1.002 Boolean					
Channe	(x), blind switch, control pincer-like grip	1 bit					
⊠ K □ L □ S ⊠ Ü	The objects are visible only if the show KNX objects parameter has been activated.  If the up and down switches are operated simultaneously on the connected switch, this is referred to as the pincer-like grip. Here:  Long operation  Sends a 0 to the object  Short operation  Sends a 1 to the object						

5.6 Binary inputs							
31, 56, 81	106, 131, 156, 181, 206	33, 58, 83, 108, 133, 158, 183, 208	1.001	Switch			
Channel	(x), binary input 1	Channel (x), binary input 2	1 bit				
⊠ K ⊠ L □ S ⊠ Ü □ A		the input parameter has been set to bin contact sends the respective status to the					
31, 56, 81	106, 131, 156, 181, 206	33, 58, 83, 108, 133, 158, 183, 208	5.001	0 - 100 percent			
Channel	(x), binary input 1, height	Channel (x), binary input 2, height	1 byte				
⊠ K □ L □ S ⊠ Ü □ A		the input parameter has been set to bin sation, the object sends the set value to contact.					
32, 57, 82	107, 132, 157, 182, 207	34, 59, 84, 109, 134, 159, 184, 209	5.001	0 - 100 percent			
Channel	(x), binary input 1, angle	Channel (x), binary input 2, angle	1 byte				
<ul> <li>□ L</li> <li>□ S</li> <li>□ U</li> <li>□ S</li> <li>□ D</li> <li>□ A</li> <li>The objects are visible only if the input parameter has been set to binary input.</li> <li>Accordingly, after parameterisation, the object sends the set value to the rising or falling edge of the connected potential-free contact.</li> </ul>							
31, 56, 81	106, 131, 156, 181, 206	33, 58, 83, 108, 133, 158, 183, 208	18.001	Scene control			
Channel (x), binary input 1, scene Channel (x), binary input 2, scene 1 byte							
⊠ K □ L □ S ⊠ Ü □ A		the input parameter has been set to bin sation, the object sends the set scene to contact.					

## 6 Annex

#### 6.1 Carrier products

#### 6.1.1 Shutter open going down

Also referred to as Venetian slats or a Venetian blind. The slats are open when going down. The angle is specified mechanically and cannot be changed by the control.

Advantages of the carrier product open going down:

- Defined shading position in going down position for uniform façade appearance
- No dark phase
- Ideal for solar, glare, thermal and visual protection

#### Notes:

- Motors with 3 end switches are possible (note!).
- Automated products must be protected from wind and poss. frost.

#### 6.1.2 Shutter closed going down

Also referred to as Venetian slats or a Venetian blind. The slats are closed when going down. The angle is specified mechanically and cannot be changed by the control.

Advantages of the carrier product closed going down:

- Slats can be closed in any position
- Ideal for thermal and visual protection

#### Notes:

- Motors with 3 end switches are possible (note!).
- Automated products must be protected from wind and poss. frost.

#### 6.1.3 Roller shutters

The roller shutter hanging is "wound up" in the box around the roller shutter shaft. Advantages:

- Improved protection from intrusion and weather
- Good dimming of the room

#### Notes:

- Tube motors can be installed in the roller shutter shaft both on the left and right.

The result of this is that the connection for up / down must be checked beforehand.

- Not suitable for solar protection in the workplace.

#### 6.1.4 Vertical awning or counter-tension systems

The awning hanging here is "wound up" around the motor shaft. Advantages:

- Decorative façade element

#### Notes:

- Tube motors can be installed in the motor shaft both on the left and right.

The result of this is that the connection for up / down must be checked beforehand.

- Automated awnings must be protected from wind, poss. rain and poss. frost.

#### 6.1.5 Sliding-arm awning

The sliding-arm awning initially moves vertically downwards and then extends the drop arm from a certain height.

#### Advantages:

- Better outlook and solar protection than with vertical awnings

#### Notes:

- Tube motors can be installed in the motor shaft both on the left and right.

The result of this is that the connection for up / down must be checked beforehand.

- Automated awnings must be protected from wind, poss. rain and poss. frost.

#### 6.1.6 Drop-arm awning

Unlike the sliding-arm awning, the drop-arm awning extends the drop arm immediately when moving downwards.

#### Advantages:

- Better outlook and solar protection than with vertical awnings

#### Notes:

- Tube motors can be installed in the motor shaft both on the left and right.

The result of this is that the connection for up / down must be checked beforehand.

- Automated awnings must be protected from wind, poss. rain and poss. frost.

#### 6.1.7 Articulated-arm awning

The articulated-arm awning is often referred to as a seating or folding-arm awning. The hanging is "wound up" around the motor shaft.

#### Advantages:

- Large area that can be shaded.
- Shade edge tracking possible

#### Notes:

- Tube motors can be installed in the motor shaft both on the left and right.

The result of this is that the connection for up / down must be checked beforehand.

- Automated awnings must be protected from wind, poss. rain and poss. frost.