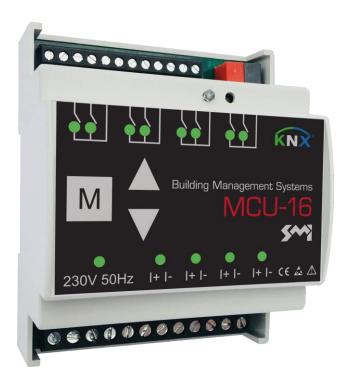
Application description



Item numberProduct code0108010.xxxMCU-16 SMI AC0108011.xxxMCU-16 SMI LoVo

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1 Introduction

1.1 About this document

This document explains the significance and setup of the individual communication objects and parameters of the device with the software ETS5[™]. The reader is provided with accompanying product data and basic knowledge to set up the device. This information is targeted towards electricians and specialist partners.



On the basis of his/her professional training, knowledge and experience as well as knowledge of the relevant standards and regulations, an electrician is able to perform work on electrical systems and to identify and avoid potential hazards independently.

The electrician is trained for the specific employment location at which he/she is working and familiar with the relevant standards and regulations associated with this product.

Validities and other applicable documents can be found in the annex.

In addition to this document, at least one basic product training is recommended.

1.2 Purpose of the application and access levels

The parameters for the device can be introduced in two different ways. To adjust the basic parameters, the parameters are configured by means of the ETS software from version 5.

The enhanced settings can be made by means of the service tool from version 1.x. The service tool is available only from a specialist partnership.

Which enhanced settings can be made is part of the service tool documentation.

1.3 Terms / abbreviations within this document

СО	Communication object
SCO	SunControlObject
Central command	Commands sent from a switchboard. e.g. the SunControlServer
Local command	Switch connected directly or via KNX
Feedback	Information that is sent from the actuator to the bus
BCSS object	Building control system object

Caution: Material damage!

Incorrect or faulty wiring and configuration of the device can result in damage culminating in total failure.

- Ensure that the supply voltage corresponds to the requirements from the technical specifications for the device.
- Ensure that all external components, e.g. such as switches and motors, are connected in accordance with the circuit diagrams.
- For information about required settings refer to the technical documentation from the motor manufacturer.



Caution: Danger to life!

There is a danger to life in case of contact with live parts.

- Have all activities performed only by personnel qualified to do so.
- Before starting work, switch off and shut down all power supplies.

2 Specific properties of the device

- 2.1 Hardware properties
 - 4 outputs SMI 230V AC or SMI-LoVo 24V DC
 - 8 binary inputs for potential-free contacts
 - Status display for each motor output
 - LED display for activation of the binary inputs
 - Manual test switch per motor output
 - Size 4 TE 72 x 90.5 x 62 mm

2.2 Software properties

- SunControlObject one group address for all communication
- Position feedback (height and angle)
- Motor status feedback
- Detailed diagnosis and troubleshooting via separate service tool
- iPhone app connection for manual operation
- 3 security objects per channel
- Priorities management
- Automatic lock per channel
- Limited operation

3 Structure of the application in ETS 5

After starting, the application is presented as follows:

	basic settings	group control	v
+	channel 1		
+	channel 2	test buttons	always active 30 min active after reset
-	channel 2	outputs	
+	channel 3	channel 1	
+	channel 4	central address (SCO)	0
		local address	1
		channel 2	
		central address (SCO)	0
		local address	2
		channel 3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		central address (SCO)	0
		local address	3
		channel 4	· ↓
		central address (SCO)	0
		local address	4
		inputs	
		channel 1	blind switch
		local address	1 ‡
		channel 2	blind switch
		local address	2 *
		channel 3	
		local address	3
		channel 4	blind switch 👻
		local address	4 *

Fig. 1 View of basic parameter settings in ETS5

Basic settings – Channel-independent parameters and functions Channel x – Channel-related settings. Each channel can be parameterized individually.

4 Parameters

The following pages describe the adjustable parameters for the actuator. The arrangement here is orientated to the order in ETS5. The parameters are grouped according to their tabs. All channels have the same parameters, which is why no individual listing of the 8 channels has been undertaken.

An option **in bold** here corresponds to the standard setting of a parameter unless otherwise indicated.

A term shown in blue is the name of the respective parameter.

A term shown in orange is the name of a communication object.

4.1 Basic settings

Group control	Active / inactive	
---------------	-------------------	--

When group control is activated, all drives on an output / line are controlled as a group. If the group control is deactivated, each drive can be controlled individually. The line assignment is irrelevant. With individual control, the channel number corresponds to the SMI key ID that is assigned by the actuator according to the SMI standard.

Test switch

Always active / active 30 min after reset

This parameter specifies how long after a restart the test switches on the front of the device react to inputs by the operator.

	Active / inactive
	be activated or deactivated by the parameters. A parameter tab and associated communication objects.
Central address	0 = Off 1 256 = Sector address
witchboard. Through ddress. See also SC	the SCO, all commands are therefore sent to the CO.
l ocal address	0 = Off 1 256 = Sector address
	s the corresponding Central address witchboard. Through ddress. See also SC

Link between motor channel and blind switch.

Inputs -> Channel (x)	Inactive / blind switch / binary input
according to their use a conventional switch Example: Channel 1 output Channel 2 output Channel 1 input	, the available channels can be configured for the inputs or even deactivated . If the blind switch is used, the motor output can be controlled by means of directly on the channel or by local address. Local address 1 Local address 1 Local address 1 controls the motors on channel 1 and channel 2
Selection binary input	

4.2 Channel (x)

4.2.1 Lock functions

SCO failure / bus voltage

No function Up / down / height / angle / height + angle / stop

The action performed if the bus voltage fails or no further SunControlObject is received.

Security object (x)	Active / inactive
communication objects are sho can be triggered manually or b decreasing priority; security ob active priority is always adopte	The parameters associated with the security object and the bwn. A security object allows definition of a security status, which y failure monitoring. There are three security objects, $1 - 3$, with ject 1 has the highest priority. The secure status of the highest d. If the channel is in security status, no further central commands nds are executed in accordance with the local command
Security object (x)-> Movement command	Up / down / height / angle / height + angle / stop
Command executed if the secu	rity object is triggered.
Security object (x)-> Cyclic monitoring	None / 10s / 30s / 1min / 2min / 5min / 10min / 30min 1h / 2h / 5h / 12h / 24h
object receives no telegram in the security object (see movem	mmunication fault between actuator and switchboard. If the security the set period, it assumes a fault and triggers the security status of nent command). The "channel (x), central command, security (x)" ceive a valid telegram at least once within the set period.
Security object (x)-> Local command	Locked / limited / released
Specifies how the actuator eva Locked Limited Released	luates local commands whilst the security object is active: Local commands are not executed. Local commands are executed only if they are located within the specified limits. Local commands are executed.
Security object (x)-> Local command -> ope	erating area Angle from bottom to limit Angle from top to limit Height from bottom to limit Height from top to limit
	It range of the local commands. In the case of an option that limits nger be changed. An option that limits the height continues to allow

Security object (x)-> 0 - 100% Local command -> limit

The parameter specifies the adjustable limit value for the operating area.

Reset function Move back to position after lock	No movement command Up / down / height / angle / height + angle / last central command / last local command last central command or local command	
motor move to the last local command rece	tatus is ended. The last local command makes the eived, whereas the last central command executes the of the last local or central command starts the last	
Automatic lock	Active / inactive	
Activates use of the automatic lock. Sending of a local command or manual setting of the communication object switches on the automatic lock. A switched on automatic lock means that only local and security commands are executed for the channel.		
Automatic lock Move back to position after lock	No movement command Up / down / height / angle / height + angle / last central command	
The command that is executed if the auton makes the motor move to the last central c	natic lock is switched on. The last central command ommand received.	
Automatic lock Reset after security	Active / inactive	
If security status is ended, the automatic lock is likewise switched off.		
Automatic lock Reset after time	Active / inactive	
The automatic lock is switched off after the further local command.	parameterized time. The time is restarted after every	



4.2.2 Feedback

Position

No feedback
Position reached
Position reached and KNX object switched on
Position change and KNX object switched on

This parameter describes the behaviour for feedbacks with respect to position changes. If an option other than "no feedback" is active, the feedback communication objects are shown for height and angle.

"**Position reached**" – If this parameter is selected, the current height and angle of the motor are sent when the position is reached.

"Position reached and KNX object switched on" – If this parameter is selected, the current height and angle of the motor are sent when the position is reached only if the object channel (x), activate feedback has been switched on via KNX (1).

"Position change and KNX object switched on" – If this parameter is selected, only the current height and angle of the motor are sent only if the object channel (x), activate feedback has been switched on via KNX (1) and the position change has been altered by the parameterized percentage value at the last feedback.

Feedback 1 – 3	No feedback Upper end position / lower end position / Unknown position / Security lock active / automatic lock active / Operating lock active / limited operation active / Check motor / Motorcycles
	ed which type of feedback the actuator should send. Up
to 3 feedbacks can be defined per channel	
For each option selected, the correspondin	
"Upper end position"	The motor is in the upper end position
"Lower end position"	The motor is in the lower end position
"Unknown position"	Motor position not known (e.g. if no reference run has yet been executed)
"Security lock active"	At least one security lock is active
"Automatic lock active"	The automatic lock is switched on
"Operating lock active"	Local operation is locked
"Limited operation active"	The motor can be operated only to a limited extent
"Check motor"	Error message from the engine via the SMI bus
"Motor cycles"	Number of movements executed
Send BCSS object	Off
	Readout only / send on change /
	send on change of error bits

With this parameter, the BCSS object can be switched on and off. The precise structure of the
object can be found in the annex."Readout only"The object can be read only"Send on change"Every change to the object is sent"Send on change of error bits"Is sent in case of changes to the error bits

4.2.3 Product

Carrier product Product type	General Blind moving down closed Blind moving down open Roller shutter Awning
product type, movement strategies fo parameters are defined. If applicable,	to this channel is defined by this parameter. Based on the or optimal positioning and standard values for subsequent parameters are shown specifically for the product type. The annex and in the data sheets for the carrier products.
Carrier product Product type	General Blind moving down closed Blind moving down open Roller shutter Awning
	nined under the movement strategy parameter, to ensure tly and reproducibly in the desired target position.
-Move towards position from both sid With the additional parameter slat tur position (slats closed) and see-throug	es ning time (bottom), the increments between bottom end gh position (slats horizontal) are parameterized. Adjustment
-Move towards position from both side With the additional parameter slat tur position (slats closed) and see-throug range of 0 – 255 increments.	ning time (bottom), the increments between bottom end
-Move towards position from both side With the additional parameter slat tur position (slats closed) and see-throug range of 0 – 255 increments. Carrier product Product type	ning time (bottom), the increments between bottom end gh position (slats horizontal) are parameterized. Adjustment General Blind moving down closed Blind moving down open Roller shutter Awning hutter / Venetian blind, which starts with open slats (operating
-Move towards position from both side With the additional parameter slat tur position (slats closed) and see-throug range of 0 – 255 increments. Carrier product Product type On the relevant channel, there is a sh position 38°). The following paramete The order of the movements is deterr	ning time (bottom), the increments between bottom end gh position (slats horizontal) are parameterized. Adjustment General Blind moving down closed Blind moving down open Roller shutter Awning nutter / Venetian blind, which starts with open slats (operating ers must then be set in addition. mined under the movement strategy parameter, to ensure the and reproducibly in the desired target position.
 Move towards position from both side With the additional parameter slat turposition (slats closed) and see-through range of 0 – 255 increments. Carrier product Product type On the relevant channel, there is a shift position 38°). The following parameter The order of the movements is deterring that the carrier product stands correct Possible parameters: Move towards position from bottom Move towards position from bottom side With the additional parameter slat tur 	ning time (bottom), the increments between bottom end gh position (slats horizontal) are parameterized. Adjustment General Blind moving down closed Blind moving down open Roller shutter Awning hutter / Venetian blind, which starts with open slats (operating ers must then be set in addition. mined under the movement strategy parameter, to ensure tly and reproducibly in the desired target position. es ning time (lifted), the increments between operating position rough position (slats horizontal) are parameterized.



Carrier product Product type

General Shutter closed going down Shutter open going down Roller shutter Awning

On the relevant channel, there is a vertical awning / seating position awning. With the tighten textile parameter, it is possible to adjust whether the cloth should be tensioned after the cloth end position is reached.

Positioning	0 – 255 increments
Duration of turning	slats
	how long one step takes in the case of local and central commands as test switch. A time of 0ms deactivates the function.
Positioning	0 – 100%
Shading position a	ngle
The set position is approac	hed via object up / shading.
Motor	Active / inactive
Change direction o	f rotation

On activation, the rotation direction is changed at the actuator output.



4.2.4 Scene control

Overwrite saved values on download Active / inactive By activation, the learned values of the customer are overwritten when the application is loaded. Active / inactive Use scene assignment 1..8 With this parameter, up to 8 scenes can be allocated to the channel. The actual allocation to the scene is done through the parameters, which are shown on activation. Scene 1....64 This parameter determines with which scene communicated via bus the channel is linked. Movement command No movement command Up / down / height / angle / height + angle This parameter specifies which command is executed. Up, down, height, angle, height + angle move the motor to the corresponding position. Lock function None / automatic lock This parameter defines whether the automatic lock should also be set when the scene is executed. 4.2.5 Blind switch Not visible when, under basic settings, inputs, channel (x), blind switch has been selected. Show KNX objects Active / inactive If this parameter is activated, the KNX communication objects are shown for blind switches. Shading position (long + short) Active / inactive In the case of a long press (down) of the blind switch followed by a short press of the switch, the shading position is approached and not the bottom end position.

Long keystroke after

0... 3000 ms

This parameter sets the press duration from which operation of the blind switch is recognised as a long switch press.

4.2.6 Binary input

Visible only if, under basic settings, inputs, channel (x), binary input has been selected. Order of binary inputs from left: Channel 1 binary input 1 Channel 1 binary input 2 Channel 2 binary input 1

Channel 3 binary input 2 Channel 4 binary input 1 Channel 4 binary input 2

Channel (x), binary input (x) – Function	1-bit switching Move to position Scene
Defines the general function for the input.	
Function of 1-bit switching	
Channel (x), binary input (x) – Function Rising edge	No function Toggle On Off
The parameter determines the behaviour t	that is sont to the KNX object in the case of a rising
edge. Toggle -> Sends $1 - 0 - 1$ alternately to th On - Sends a 1 to the object Off - Sends a 0 to the object	
edge. Toggle -> Sends $1 - 0 - 1$ alternately to th On - Sends a 1 to the object	
edge. Toggle -> Sends 1 – 0 – 1 alternately to the On – Sends a 1 to the object Off – Sends a 0 to the object Channel (x), binary input (x) – Function Falling edge	No function Toggle On Off that is sent to the KNX object in the case of a rising
edge. Toggle -> Sends 1 – 0 – 1 alternately to the On – Sends a 1 to the object Off – Sends a 0 to the object Channel (x), binary input (x) – Function Falling edge The parameter determines the behaviour the edge. Toggle -> Sends 1 – 0 – 1 alternately to the On – Sends a 1 to the object	No function Toggle On Off that is sent to the KNX object in the case of a rising



Function move to position	
Channel (x), binary input (x) – Function React to	Rising edge Falling edge
With this parameter it is determined wheth on the rising or falling edge.	er the approach position function should be executed
Channel (x), binary input (x) – Function Movement command	Height Angle Height + angle
	position types can be approached if the function is arameters <i>height [%]</i> and/or <i>angle [%]</i> are shown.
Channel (x), binary input (x) – Function React to	Rising edge Falling edge
React to	
React to With this parameter it is determined wheth	Falling edge

6 byte

5 Communication objects

The following image shows all communication objects for one channel with no connected binary input or local operation. In the ETS application, only communication objects are shown, which are required according to the parameter settings.

Number	Name	Object Function	Length	С	R	ΨТ	U	Data Type	Priority
I ⊉ 1	SunControlObject	all functions	6 bytes	с -		w -	-		High
₽2	scene	scene object	1 byte	с -		w -	-	scene control	Low
10	channel 1, local command, end position	up / down	1 bit	с -		w -	-	up/down	Low
11	channel 1, local command, shading	up / shading	1 bit	с -		w -	-	up/down	Low
12	channel 1, local command, turn slats	step / stop	1 bit	с -		w -	-	step	Low
I ‡ 13	channel 1, local command, automatic lock	automatic lock	1 bit	с -		w -	-	boolean	Low
14	channel 1, local command, height	height	1 byte	с -		w -	-	percentage (0100%)	Low
₽15	channel 1, local command, angle	angle	1 byte	с -		w -	-	percentage (0100%)	Low
16	channel 1, central command, end position	up / down	1 bit	с -		w -	-	up/down	Low
₽ 17	channel 1, central command, shading	up / shading	1 bit	с -		w -	-	up/down	Low
‡18	channel 1, central command, turn slats	step / stop	1 bit	с -		w -	-	step	Low
≵19	channel 1, central command, height	height	1 byte	с -		w -	-	percentage (0100%)	Low
20	channel 1, central command, angle	angle	1 byte	с -		w -	-	percentage (0100%)	Low
₽21	channel 1, central command, security 1	security 1	1 bit	с -		W -	-	switch	Low
₽22	channel 1, central command, security 2	security 2	1 bit	с -		w -	-	switch	Low
₽23	channel 1, central command, security 3	security 3	1 bit	с -		w -	-	switch	Low
₽25	channel 1, feedback, height	height	1 byte	C R		- т	-	percentage (0100%)	Low
₽26	channel 1, feedback, angle	angle	1 byte	C R		- т	-	percentage (0100%)	Low
₽27	channel 1, feedback 1	motor current	2 bytes	C R		- т	-	current (mA)	Low
₽28	channel 1, feedback 2	overcurrent	4 bytes	C R		- т	-	counter pulses (unsigned)	Low
₽29	channel 1, feedback 3	motor cycles	4 bytes	C R		- т	-	counter pulses (unsigned)	Low
≵30	channel 1, feedback BCSS	BCSS object	4 bytes	C R		- т	-	status sunblind & shutter actuator	Low
‡ 31	channel 1, blind switch, control end position	up / down	1 bit	с -		- т	-	up/down	Low
₽32	channel 1, blind switch, control long+short	up / shading	1 bit	с -		- т	-	up/down	Low
₹ 33	channel 1, blind switch, control turn slats	step / stop	1 bit	с -		- т	-	step	Low
₹ 34	channel 1, blind switch, control pincer-like grip	automatic lock	1 bit	с -		- т	-	boolean	Low

Example communication objects for one channel

5.1 Basic objects

1

SCO	SunControl	Ob	ject
-----	------------	----	------

E K 6-byte KNX communication object for connection between weather control and motor controls. All

 \Box L commands from the control (such as shading, time and security commands) are sent to the motor controls via the same group address for up to 256 sectors (façade sections). The allocation to the

 \Box \ddot{U} sector is set in the motor control for each channel.

 $\Box A$

2		18.001 Scene control
Scene	object	1 byte
×κ	With this object a set scene can be retrieved or programmed.	

- □ L Here:
- ☑ S Value 0 63 retrieves corresponding scene 1 64
- \Box \ddot{U} Value 128 191 programmes the current position into the corresponding scene
- $\Box A$



5.2 Lc	ocal commands					
10, 35, 60), 85, (110, 131, 152, 173, 194, 215, 236, 257, 278, 299, 320, 341)	1.008	Up/down			
Channel	(x), local command, end position	1 bit				
⊠ K □ L ⊠ S □ Ü □ A	With this object, the motor is moved into the respective end postriggered until a stop command is received, the parameterized motor end position switch is triggered. 0 – Up 1 – Down					
11, 36, 61	, 86, (111, 132, 153, 174, 195, 216, 237, 258, 279, 300, 321, 342)	1.008	Up/down			
Channel	(x), local command, shading	1 bit				
⊠ K □ L ⊠ S □ Ü □ A	The object serves to approach the operating position of the car The respective output is triggered until a stop command is rece movement time has passed or the motor end position switch is 0 - Up 1 - Down / operating position	ived, the parar				
12, 37, 62	2, 87, (112, 133, 154, 175, 196, 217, 238, 259, 280, 301, 322, 343)	1.007	Step			
Channel	(x), local command, turn slats	1 bit				
⊠ K □ L ⊠ S □ Ü □ A	With the object, the motor can be controlled incrementally up o increment is dependent upon the parameter set. 0 – Step up 1 – Step down	r down. The du	uration of the			
13, 38, 63	8, 88, (113, 134, 155, 176, 197, 218, 239, 260, 281, 302, 323, 344)	1.007	Boolean			
Channel	(x), local command, automatic lock	1 bit				
⊠ K □ L ⊠ S □ Ü □ A	 □ L automatic lock activated, the central commands (end position, shading, height, angle) are no □ S longer executed. Local commands and security objects continue to be executed. □ □ 					
14, 39, 64	, 89, (114, 135, 156, 177, 198, 219, 240, 261, 282, 303, 324, 345)	5.001	0 – 100 percent			
Channel	(x), local command, height	1 byte				
⊠ K □ L ⊠ S □ Ü □ A	With the object, the motor can be positioned at $0 - 100\%$. Here, 0 or 0% corresponds to the top motor end position and 2 end position.	55 or 100% to	the bottom motor			
15, 40, 65	, 90, (115, 136, 157, 178, 199, 220, 241, 262, 283, 304, 325, 346)	5.001	0 – 100 percent			
Channel	(x), local command, angle	1 byte				
⊠ K □ L ⊠ S □ Ü	This object is shown only if a corresponding product type (shutt product parameter, which can perform an angle function. The v angle as a percentage, depending on the slat turning incremen Here, the value 0 or 0% corresponds to a max. open slat and 2	alue of this ob ts set.	ject determines the			

□ U □ A



5.3 Central commands 16, 41, 66, 91, (116, 137, 158, 179, 200, 221, 242, 263, 284, 305, 326, 347) Up/down 1.008 Channel (x), central command, end position 1 bit With this object, the motor is moved into the respective end position. ×Κ The requirement is that the automatic lock is not set. ×S 0 – Up ΠÜ 1 – Down $\Box A$ 17, 42, 67, 92, (117, 138, 159, 180, 201, 222, 243, 264, 285, 306, 327, 348) 1.008 Up/down 1 bit Channel (x), central command, shading ×Κ The object serves to approach the operating position of the carrier product (shutter 38°) directly. The requirement is that the automatic lock is not set. ×S 0 – Up ΠÜ 1 – Down / operating position 18, 43, 68, 93, (118, 139, 160, 181, 202, 223, 244, 265, 286, 307, 328, 349) 1.007 Step Channel (x), central command, turn slats 1 bit ×Κ With the object, the motor can be controlled stepwise up or down. The duration of the step is dependent upon the parameter set. The requirement is that the automatic lock is not set. ×S 0 – Step up ΠÜ 1 - Step down 19, 44, 69, 94, (119, 140, 161, 182, 203, 224, 245, 266, 287, 308, 329, 350) 5.001 0 – 100 percent 1 byte Channel (x), central command, height ×Κ With the object, the motor can be positioned at 0 - 100%. Here, 0 or 0% corresponds to the top motor end position and 255 or 100% to the bottom motor ×S end position. ΠÜ The requirement is that the automatic lock is not set. $\square A$ 21-23, 46-48, 71-73, 96-98, (121-123, 142-144, 163-165, 184-186, 205-207, 226-228, 5.001 0 - 100 percent 247-249, 268-270, 289-291, 310-312, 331-333, 352-354) 1 byte Channel (x), central command, angle ×Κ This object is shown only if a corresponding product type (shutter) has been selected, which can perform an angle function. The value of this object determines the angle of the shutter as a ×S percentage, depending on the slat turning increments set. ΠÜ Here, the value 0 or 0% corresponds to a max. open slat and 255 or 100% to a closed slat. $\Box A$ 21-23, 46-48, 71-73, 96-98, 121-123, 146-148, 171-173, 196-198 1.001 Switch 1 bit Channel (x), central command, security 1 ... 3 ×Κ If this object is described with a 1, the parameterized security status of the respective security object is assumed. At the start of security status, the parameterized movement command is ×S executed. Whilst security status is active, no further commands are executed other than if they ΠÜ reset a security object. Resetting is performed by describing the security object with 0. The $\Box A$ priority of the individual security objects is defined, where 1 triggers the highest and 3 the lowest priority.



5.4 Feedbacks

Э.4 Г	JEUDACKS		
24, 49, 74	l, 99, (124, 145, 166, 187, 208, 229, 250, 271, 292, 313, 334, 355)	1.001	Switch
Channel	(x), activate feedback	1 bit	
⊠ K □ L ⊠ S □ Ü □ A	This object switches the position feedback on or off. It is not visible position parameter is set to no feedback or position reached. 0 – Off 1 – On	if the char	nnel (x), feedbacks,
25, 50, 7	5, 100, (125, 146, 167, 188, 209, 230, 251, 272, 293, 314, 335, 356)	5.001	0 – 100 percent
Channel	(x), feedback, height	1 byte	
⊠ K ⊠ L □ S ⊠ Ü □ A	The value of this object feeds back the current position (height) from Here, 0 or 0% corresponds to the top motor end position and 255 or end position.		
26, 51, 70	6, 101, (126, 147, 168, 189, 210, 231, 252, 273, 294, 315, 336, 357)	5.001	0 – 100 percent
Channel	(x), feedback, angle	1 byte	
⊠ K ⊠ L □ S ⊠ Ü □ A	This object is shown only if a parameter has been selected in the pr perform an angle function. The value of this object determines the a percentage, depending on the slat turning increments set. Here, the value 0 or 0% corresponds to a max. open slat and 255 o	ingle of th	e shutter as a
	-54, 77-79, 102-104, (127-129, 148-150,169-171, 190-192, 211-213, 232-234 274-276, 295-297, 316-318, 337-339, 358-360)	4,	
Channel	(x), feedback 1 3		
⊠ K ⊠ L □ S ⊠ Ü □ A	Feeds back to the bus the status that has been parameterized accord The following 1.002 Boolean 1 bit feedbacks can be selected: upper end position / lower end position / position unknown / security active / operating lock active / limited operation active / check motor The motor cycles feedback is counting pulses, 12.001 counting pulses movement cycles of the drive are counted.	/ lock activ	
30, 55, 80), 105, (130, 151, 172, 193, 214, 235, 256, 277, 298, 319, 340, 361)	241.80	0 Status shading
Channel	(x), feedback BCSS	4 byte	
X K	Using the BCSS object, several feedbacks can be requested for each the specific explanation of the object can be found in the appex	ch channe	el within one object.

- The specific explanation of the object can be found in the annex.
- ⊠ L □ S ⊠ Ü
- $\Box A$



5.5 Inputs switch

31, 56, 81, 106 1.008 Up/down Channel (x), blind switch, control end position 1 bit K The objects are visible only if the show KNX objects parameter has been activated. L The closed switch sends the long switch press to the object. Here: S Up switch - Value 0 W Down switch - Value 1 A 1.008 Up/down Channel (x), blind switch, control long + short 1 bit Channel (x), blind switch, control long + short 1 bit K The objects are visible only if the show KNX objects parameter has been activated. L The connected switch sends at 1 to the object if a long switch press is executed followed by a short switch press using the down switch bind switch. With the up switch, a 0 is always sent to the object. A 1.007 Step Channel (x), blind switch, control turn slats 1 bit K The objects are visible only if the show KNX objects parameter has been activated. L The connected switch sends the short switch press to the object. Here: S Up switch - Value 0 W Down switch - Value 0 W Down switch - Value 0 W Down switch, control pincer-like grip. A	010 111				
Image: Second (a) for the objects are visible only if the show KNX objects parameter has been activated. Image: Second transmission of the object if a long switch - Value 0 Image: Second transmission of the object if a long switch - Value 1 A 32, 57, 82, 107 1.008 Up/down Channel (x), blind switch, control long + short 1 bit Image: K The objects are visible only if the show KNX objects parameter has been activated. Image: K The objects are visible only if the show KNX objects parameter has been activated. Image: K The object are visible only if the show KNX objects parameter has been activated. Image: K The object are visible only if the show KNX objects parameter has been activated. Image: K The object are visible only if the show KNX objects parameter has been activated. Image: K The object are visible only if the show KNX objects parameter has been activated. Image: K The object are visible only if the show KNX objects parameter has been activated. Image: K The object are visible only if the show KNX objects parameter has been activated. Image: K The object are visible only if the show KNX objects parameter has been activated. Image: K The object are visible only if the show KNX objects parameter has been activated. Image: K The object ar	31, 56, 81	, 106		1.008	Up/down
□ L The closed switch sends the long switch press to the object. Here: □ S Up switch – Value 0 □ Down switch – Value 1 1.008 Up/down Channel (x), blind switch, control long + short 1 bit □ K The objects are visible only if the show KNX objects parameter has been activated. □ L The connected switch sends a 1 to the object if a long switch press is executed followed by a short switch press using the down switch blind switch. With the up switch, a 0 is always sent to the object. □ A A 33, 58, 83, 108 1.007 Channel (x), blind switch, control turn slats 1 bit □ K The objects are visible only if the show KNX objects parameter has been activated. □ L The objects are visible only if the show KNX objects parameter has been activated. □ L The connected switch sends the short switch press to the object. Here: □ S Up switch – Value 0 □ Down switch – Value 0 □ Down switch – Value 0 □ Down switch, control pincer-like grip 1 bit □ A 1.002 Boolean Channel (x), blind switch, control pincer-like grip 1 bit □ A 1.002 Boolean Channe	Channel	(x), blind switch, control end position		1 bit	
Channel (x), blind switch, control long + short 1 bit Image: K intermediate inter	□ L □ S ⊠ Ü	The closed switch sends the long switch pre Up switch – Value 0		een activ	vated.
 K The objects are visible only if the show KNX objects parameter has been activated. L The connected switch sends a 1 to the object if a long switch press is executed followed by a short switch press using the down switch blind switch. With the up switch, a 0 is always sent to the object. A 33, 58, 83, 108 Channel (x), blind switch, control turn slats K The objects are visible only if the show KNX objects parameter has been activated. L The connected switch sends the short switch press to the object. Here: U p switch – Value 0 U Down switch – Value 1 A 34, 59, 84, 109 Channel (x), blind switch, control pincer-like grip I bit K The objects are visible only if the show KNX objects parameter has been activated. I the connected switch sends the short switch press to the object. Here: U p switch – Value 0 U Down switch – Value 1 A 34, 59, 84, 109 1.002 Boolean Channel (x), blind switch, control pincer-like grip I bit K The objects are visible only if the show KNX objects parameter has been activated. I bit I b	32, 57, 82	e, 107		1.008	Up/down
□ L The connected switch sends a 1 to the object if a long switch press is executed followed by a short switch press using the down switch blind switch. With the up switch, a 0 is always sent to the object. □ A 33, 58, 83, 108 1.007 Step Channel (x), blind switch, control turn slats 1 bit □ K □ The connected switch sends the show KNX objects parameter has been activated. □ L □ The connected switch sends the short switch press to the object. Here: □ Up switch – Value 0 □ Down switch, control pincer-like grip □ Down switch, control pincer-like grip □ L □ L □ Down switch, control pincer-like grip □ L □ L □ A 34, 59, 84, 109 1.002 Boolean Channel (x), blind switch, control pincer-like grip 1 bit □ K The objects are visible only if the show KNX objects parameter has been activated. □ L If the up and down switches are operated simultaneously on the connected switch, this is referred □ S to as the pincer	Channel	(x), blind switch, control long + short		1 bit	
Channel (x), blind switch, control turn slats 1 bit Image: K interpret K interpre	□ L □ S ⊠ Ü	The connected switch sends a 1 to the object short switch press using the down switch bli	ct if a long switch press is	execute	ed followed by a
 K The objects are visible only if the show KNX objects parameter has been activated. L The connected switch sends the short switch press to the object. Here: S Up switch - Value 0 Down switch - Value 1 A 34, 59, 84, 109 1.002 Boolean Channel (x), blind switch, control pincer-like grip I bit K The objects are visible only if the show KNX objects parameter has been activated. I the up and down switches are operated simultaneously on the connected switch, this is referred to as the pincer-like grip. Here: W Ü W U <li< th=""><th>33, 58, 83</th><th>, 108</th><th></th><th>1.007</th><th>Step</th></li<>	33, 58, 83	, 108		1.007	Step
 □ L The connected switch sends the short switch press to the object. Here: □ S Up switch - Value 0 ⊠ Ü Down switch - Value 1 □ A 34, 59, 84, 109 1.002 Boolean Channel (x), blind switch, control pincer-like grip 1 bit ○ K The objects are visible only if the show KNX objects parameter has been activated. □ L If the up and down switches are operated simultaneously on the connected switch, this is referred □ S to as the pincer-like grip. Here: ○ Ü Long operation 	Channel	(x), blind switch, control turn slats		1 bit	
Channel (x), blind switch, control pincer-like grip 1 bit ☑ K The objects are visible only if the show KNX objects parameter has been activated. □ L If the up and down switches are operated simultaneously on the connected switch, this is referred □ S to as the pincer-like grip. Here: ☑ Ü Long operation Sends a 0 to the object	□ L □ S ⊠ Ü	The connected switch sends the short switch Up switch – Value 0	· ·		vated.
 K The objects are visible only if the show KNX objects parameter has been activated. □ L If the up and down switches are operated simultaneously on the connected switch, this is referred to as the pincer-like grip. Here: ☑ Ü Long operation Sends a 0 to the object 	34, 59, 84	, 109		1.002	Boolean
 □ L If the up and down switches are operated simultaneously on the connected switch, this is referred □ S to as the pincer-like grip. Here: □ V U Long operation Sends a 0 to the object 	Channel	(x), blind switch, control pincer-like grip		1 bit	
	 L If the up and down switches are operated simultaneously on the connected switch, this is referred to as the pincer-like grip. Here: X Ü Long operation Sends a 0 to the object 				



5.6 Binary inputs

31, 56, 81	, 106	33, 58, 83, 108	1.001	Switch			
Channel	(x), binary input 1	Channel (x), binary input 2	1 bit				
⊠ K ⊠ L □ S ⊠ Ü □ A	 ☑ L The connected potential-free contact sends the respective status to the object. ☑ S ☑ Ü 						
31, 56, 81	, 106	33, 58, 83, 108	5.001	0 – 100 percent			
Channel	(x), binary input 1, height	Channel (x), binary input 2, height	1 byte				
⊠ K □ L □ S ⊠ Ü □ A	 □ L Accordingly, after parameterisation, the object sends the set value to the rising or falling edge □ S the connected potential-free contact. ⊠ Ü 						
32, 57, 82	, 107	34, 59, 84, 109	5.001	0 – 100 percent			
Channel	(x), binary input 1, angle	Channel (x), binary input 2, angle	1 byte				
 K K □ L Control S □ S □ A The objects are visible only if the input parameter has been set to binary input. A Accordingly, after parameterisation, the object sends the set value to the rising or falling edge of the connected potential-free contact. 							
31, 56, 81	, 106	33, 58, 83, 108	18.001	Scene control			
Channel	(x), binary input 1, scene	Channel (x), binary input 2, scene	1 byte				
⊠ K □ L □ S ⊠ Ü		input parameter has been set to bin on, the object sends the set scene to act.					

6 Annex

6.1 Carrier products

6.1.1 Shutter open going down

Also referred to as Venetian slats or a Venetian blind. The slats are open when going down. The angle is specified mechanically and cannot be changed by the control.

Advantages of the carrier product open going down:

- Defined shading position in going down position for uniform façade appearance
- No dark phase
- Ideal for solar, glare, thermal and visual protection

Notes:

- Motors with 3 end switches are possible (note!).
- Automated products must be protected from wind and poss. frost.

6.1.2 Shutter closed going down

Also referred to as Venetian slats or a Venetian blind. The slats are closed when going down. The angle is specified mechanically and cannot be changed by the control.

Advantages of the carrier product closed going down:

- Slats can be closed in any position
- Ideal for thermal and visual protection

Notes:

- Motors with 3 end switches are possible (note!).
- Automated products must be protected from wind and poss. frost.

6.1.3 Roller shutters

The roller shutter hanging is "wound up" in the box around the roller shutter shaft. Advantages:

- Improved protection from intrusion and weather
- Good dimming of the room

Notes:

Tube motors can be installed in the roller shutter shaft both on the left and right.
The result of this is that the connection for up / down must be checked beforehand.
Not suitable for solar protection in the workplace.

6.1.4 Vertical awning or counter-tension systems

The awning hanging here is "wound up" around the motor shaft. Advantages:

- Decorative façade element

Notes:

- Tube motors can be installed in the motor shaft both on the left and right.

The result of this is that the connection for up / down must be checked beforehand.

- Automated awnings must be protected from wind, poss. rain and poss. frost.

6.1.5 Sliding-arm awning

The sliding-arm awning initially moves vertically downwards and then extends the drop arm from a certain height.

Advantages:

- Better outlook and solar protection than with vertical awnings

Notes:

- Tube motors can be installed in the motor shaft both on the left and right.

The result of this is that the connection for up / down must be checked beforehand.

- Automated awnings must be protected from wind, poss. rain and poss. frost.

6.1.6 Drop-arm awning

Unlike the sliding-arm awning, the drop-arm awning extends the drop arm immediately when moving downwards.

Advantages:

- Better outlook and solar protection than with vertical awnings

Notes:

- Tube motors can be installed in the motor shaft both on the left and right.

The result of this is that the connection for up / down must be checked beforehand.

- Automated awnings must be protected from wind, poss. rain and poss. frost.

6.1.7 Articulated-arm awning

The articulated-arm awning is often referred to as a seating or folding-arm awning. The hanging is "wound up" around the motor shaft.

Advantages:

- Large area that can be shaded.

- Shade edge tracking possible

Notes:

- Tube motors can be installed in the motor shaft both on the left and right.

The result of this is that the connection for up / down must be checked beforehand.

- Automated awnings must be protected from wind, poss. rain and poss. frost.